COMPONENTS:

- (1) Cyclooctane; C₈H₁₆; [292-64-8]
- (2) Water; H₂O; [7732-18-5]

ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:

McAuliffe, C.

J. Phys. Chem. 1966, 70, 1267-75.

VARIABLES:

PREPARED BY:

One temperature: 25°C

M.C. Haulait-Pirson

EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:

The solubility of cyclooctane in water at 25°C was reported to be 7.9 mg (1)/kg sln.

The corresponding mole fraction, x_1 , calculated by the compiler,

The same value is also reported in ref 1.

AUXILIARY INFORMATION

METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:

In a 250 mL glass bottle, 10-20 mL $\,$ of (1) was vigorously shaken for 1 hr or magnetically stirred for 1 day, with 200 mL of (2) at 25°C. In the case of shaking, the solution was allowed to stand for 2 days to permit separation of small (1) drop-Absence of emulsion was lets. checked microscopically. A 50 μL sample of the (1) saturated water was withdrawn with a Hamilton Syringe and injected into the fractionator of the gas chromatograph. A hydrogen-flame ionization detector was used. Many details are given in the paper.

SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:

- (1) Phillips Petroleum Co.; 99+% purity; used as received.
- (2) distilled.

ESTIMATED ERROR:

temp. ± 1.5°C
soly. 1.8 mg (1)/kg sln (standard
deviation from mean)

REFERENCES:

1. McAuliffe, C. Am. Chem. Soc. Div. Petrol. Chem. 1964, 9, 275.